

GEORGIA FY 2016 LIHEAP

PERFORMANCE MEASURES EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In FY 2016, Georgia furnished LIHEAP bill payment assistance to 128,123 households
They collected heating burden data for 41,608 households (32%)

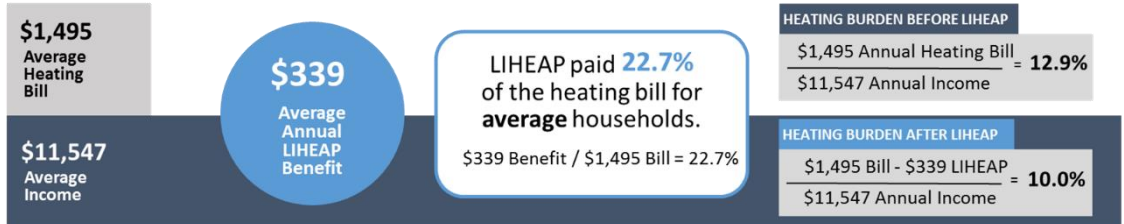
Does LIHEAP furnish higher benefits to higher burden households?

Yes. In Georgia, the total LIHEAP benefit received by high burden households in FY 2016 was about **\$10 (3%) more** than the total LIHEAP benefit received by the average recipient household.

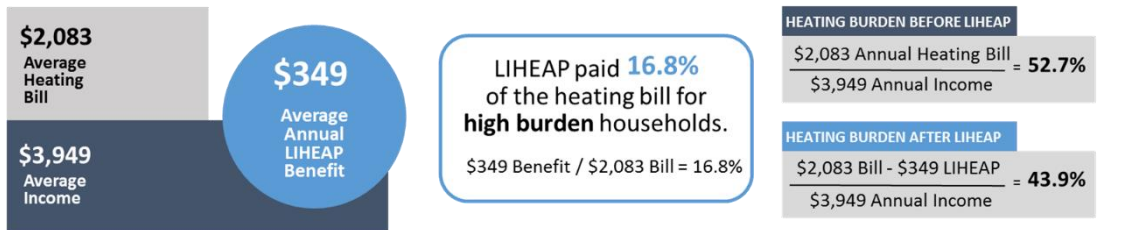
Does LIHEAP pay a larger share of the home main heating bill for high burden households?

No. In FY 2016, LIHEAP paid **22.7%** of the main heating bill for average households in Georgia, while LIHEAP paid **16.8%** of the main heating bill for high burden households.

All Households



High Burden Households



Prevention and Restoration of Home Energy Service Loss

As a Result of Bill Payment Assistance

Prevention (94%)
25128 Occurrences

Restoration (6%)
1685 Occurrences

As a Result of Equipment Repair or Replacement

Georgia did not report preventions or restorations as a result of equipment repair or replacement.

- In FY 2016, LIHEAP benefits in Georgia **prevented the loss of service 25,128 times**, by stopping threatened utility service disconnections and by delivering fuels to homes that were at risk of running out.
- In FY 2016, LIHEAP benefits **restored home energy service 1,685 times** for households who had been disconnected by their utility provider or who had run out of fuel oil, propane, or wood.

* High burden recipient households represent 25% of all recipient households with 12 months of bill data, based on having the highest heating burden.
The attached State Snapshot provides detailed income, energy cost, and burden statistics across all fuel types.